

EESS 146B/246B
Atmosphere, Ocean, and Climate Dynamics: the Ocean Circulation
<http://pangea.stanford.edu/~leift/EESS146Bweb/index.html>
Spring Quarter 2010
Version 3/4/10

CLASS HOURS & LOCATION:

Monday, Wednesday, and Friday 2:15pm – 3:05pm.
Monday, Wednesday: McCullough 115; Friday: Y2E2 111

INSTRUCTOR: Leif Thomas leift@stanford.edu Y2E2 Bldg, Room 181
Office hours: TBA.

TEACHING ASSISTANT: TBA
Office hours: TBA

TEXT:

Atmosphere, Ocean, and Climate Dynamics: An Introductory Text, by J. Marshall and R. A. Plumb. Academic Press.

GRADING:

There will be no mid-term or final exam. Grades will be based on four homeworks (80%) and a lab notebook (20%).

Students will be required to participate in laboratory demonstrations used to illustrate the key fluid dynamics of the ocean circulation and document what they observe in a lab notebook to be turned in on the Monday after the lab at the beginning of the class period. Problem sets should be turned in at the beginning of the class period. *Late assignments will receive a point deduction of 50% of the total.*

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

Introduction to the physics governing the circulation of the atmosphere and ocean and their control on climate with emphasis on the large-scale ocean circulation. This course will give an overview of the structure and dynamics of the major ocean current systems that contribute to the meridional overturning circulation, the transport of heat, salt, and biogeochemical tracers, and the regulation of climate. Topics include the tropical ocean circulation, the wind-driven gyres and western boundary currents, the thermohaline circulation, the Antarctic Circumpolar Current, water mass formation, atmosphere-ocean coupling, and climate variability.

PREREQUISITES:

MATH 51 and PHYSICS 41 (or equivalent math and physics) and some familiarity with the Navier-Stokes equations; **-OR-** CEE 164/262D.

Course Schedule and Reading

- 29-March** Introduction and motivation
- 31-March** Physical characteristics of the ocean (9.1)
- 2-April** LAB: Constraints imposed by rotation and stratification; *HW1 out*
- 5-April** Coriolis force, geostrophy, and the thermal wind balance (6.6, 7.1, 7.3)
- 7-April** Observed mean circulation and distributions of temperature and salinity. (9.1, 9.2)
- 9-April** LAB: Taylor-Proudman effect; geostrophic balance
- 12-April** Wind-stress and Ekman layers (10.1)
- 14-April** Ekman pumping and suction and the Taylor-Proudman effect on a sphere (10.1, 10.2)
- 16-April** LAB: Ekman pumping/suction, vortex stretching; *HW1 due; HW2 out*
- 19-April** Wind-driven gyres and the Sverdrup balance (10.3)
- 21-April** Western boundary currents, vorticity balance, and Rossby waves. (10.3,11.3.2)
- 23-April** LAB: Wind-driven ocean gyres
- 26-April** Taylor-Proudman in a layered ocean and recirculation gyres (10.4)
- 28-April** Air-sea fluxes, the ocean mixed layer, and water mass formation (11.1)
- 30-April** LAB: Thermal-wind balance; *HW 2 due; HW 3 out*
- 3-May** Three-dimensional structure of the gyres, water masses, and subduction
- 5-May** Antarctic Circumpolar Current and Antarctic Intermediate Water (10.5, 8.3)
- 7-May** LAB: Eddies in the ocean: baroclinic instability
- 10-May** Deep water formation and the global density budget (11.1, 11.2)
- 12-May** Dynamical models of the abyssal, meridional overturning circulation (11.3)
- 14-May** Observations of the abyssal circulation and its water masses (11.4); *HW 3 due; HW 4 out*
- 17-May** Energetics of the ocean circulation
- 19-May** Ocean heat, freshwater, and carbon transport and budget (11.5,11.6)
- 21-May** LAB: Abyssal circulation
- 24-May** Equatorial circulation (12.2)
- 26-May** ENSO/El Niño (12.2)
- 28-May** Course review. *HW 4 due*